

United Oilseeds

Colin Peters

Why Oilseed Rape?

- Oilseed rape ticks many boxes as a break crop
 - Excellent Gross Margin (Niab 2025 figures shown below)

eavy Soil								
			Variable (Costs		£/ha		
Vinter Oilseed Rape			Seed		45			
			Fertiliser			298		
			Herbicides	1		118		
			Fungicide	5		51		
			Insecticide	s		15		
			Growth Re	gulators		0		
			Other			13		
			Total			540		
Yield	HA>	2.00	2.50	3.00	3.50	4.00	4.50	5.00
(t)	AC>	0.81	1.01	1.21	1.42	1.62	1.82	2.02
	£380	220	410	600	790	980	1170	1360
	£390	240	435	630	825	1020	1215	1410
	£400	260	460	660	860	1060	1260	1460
Price	£410	280	485	690	895	1100	1305	1510
(£/t)	£420	300	510	720	930	1140	1350	1560
. ,	£430	320	535	750	965	1180	1395	1610
	£440	340	560	780	1000	1220	1440	1660
	£450	360	585	810	1035	1260	1485	1710
	£460	380	610	840	1070	1300	1530	1760
	£470	400	635	870	1105	1340	1575	1810
	£480	420	660	900	1140	1380	1620	1860
Variable Co	sts £/t	£270	£216	£180	£154	£135	£120	£108

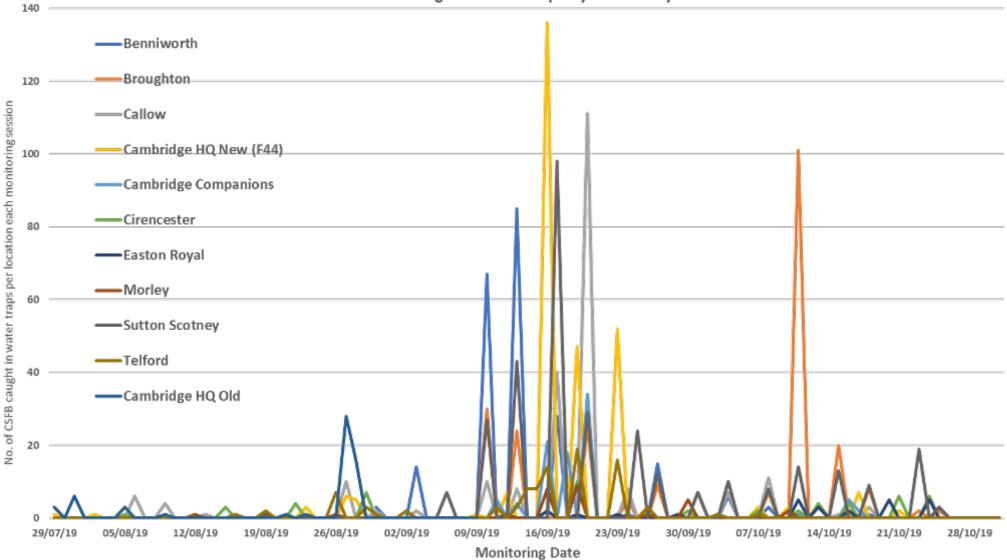


- Excellent break for cereals diseases (Take-all etc.)
- Brassica tap roots are known to be very good at soil structure remediation
- Perfect labour profile fit (Other than drilling)
- Lower variable cost input than some crops
- Lots of potential for the crop in the future with its ability to produce a range of different oils through technical processes or longer term through breeding

Csfb, what we accept life cycle wise

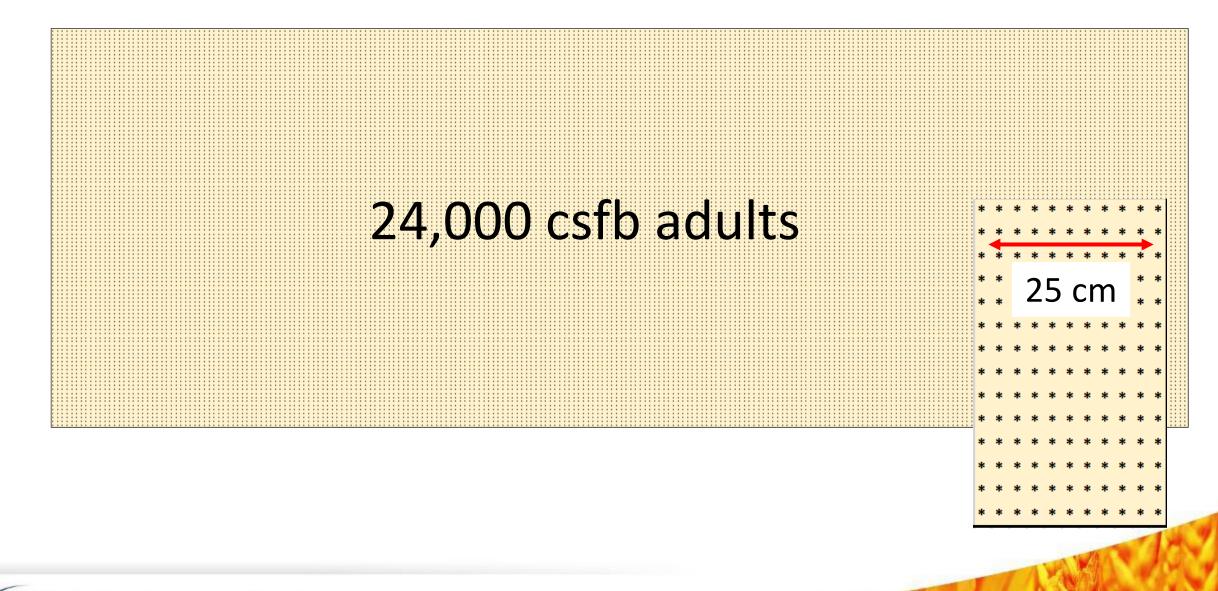
Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	
												Eggs
												L1
												L2
												L3
												Prepupa
												-1-1-1
												Pupae
						ļ.					l	
												Adults

Data from Sáringer (1984)



No. of CSFB caught in water traps by location by date

Adults in trailer 2.5m X 6.00m (18 tonne)





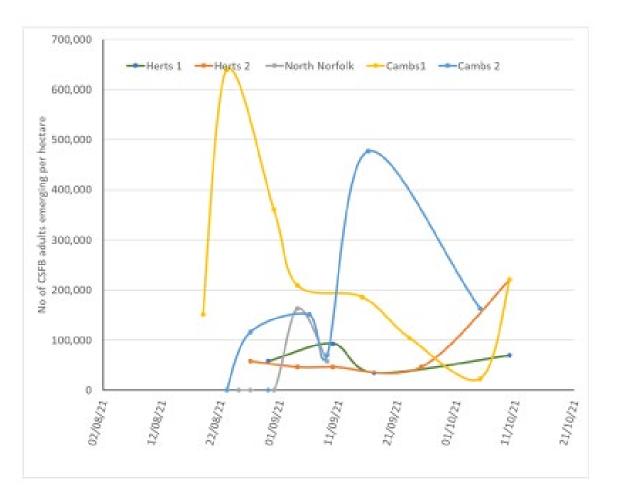


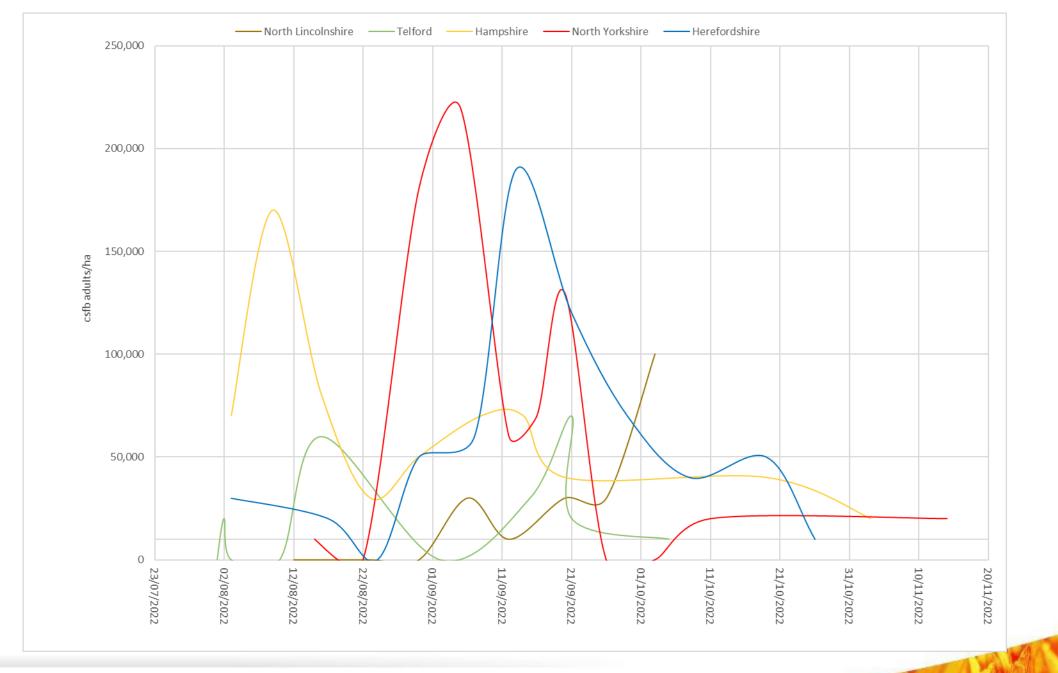


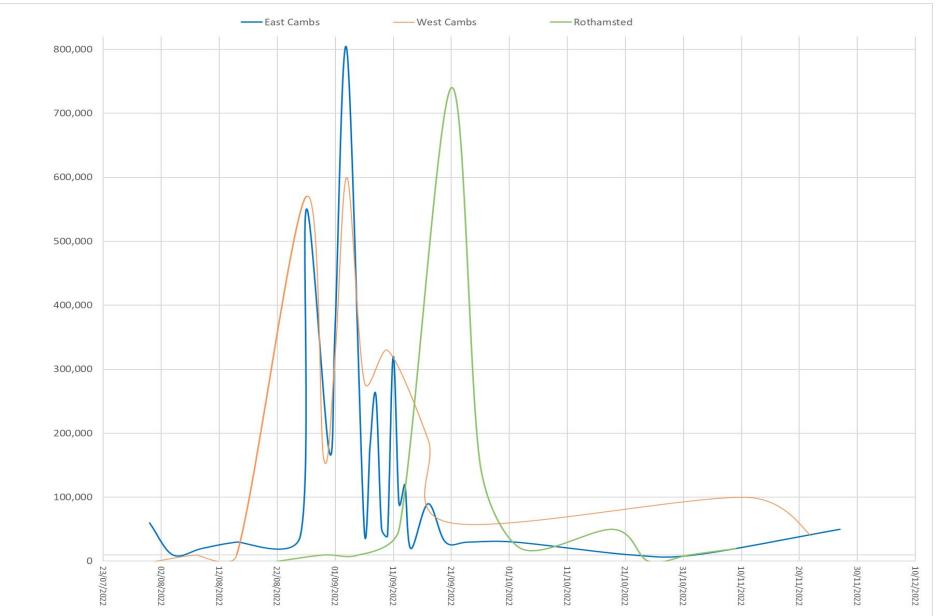
Emergence Traps



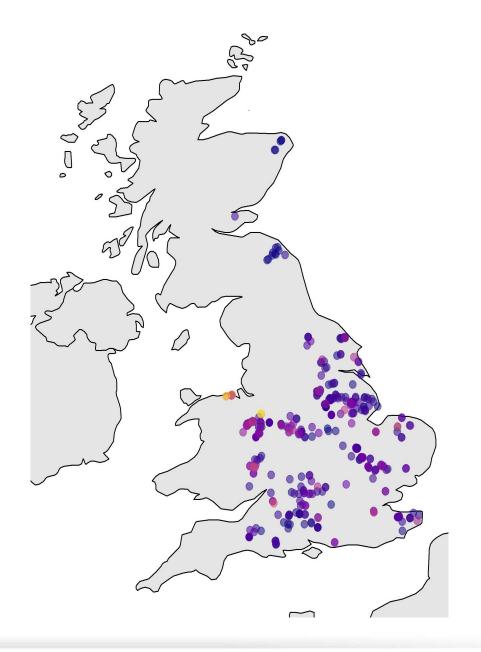
Emergence trap figures autumn 2021

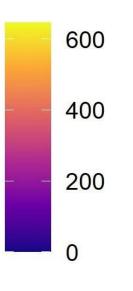


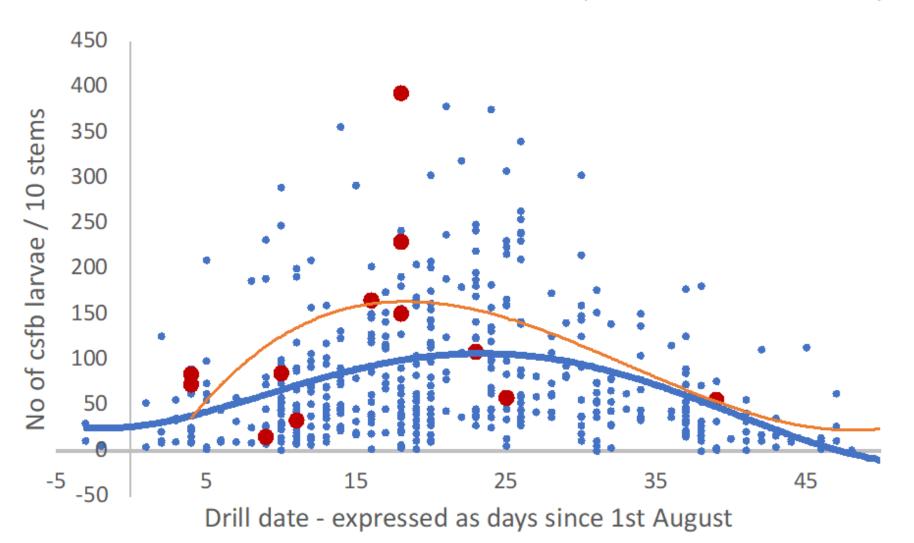






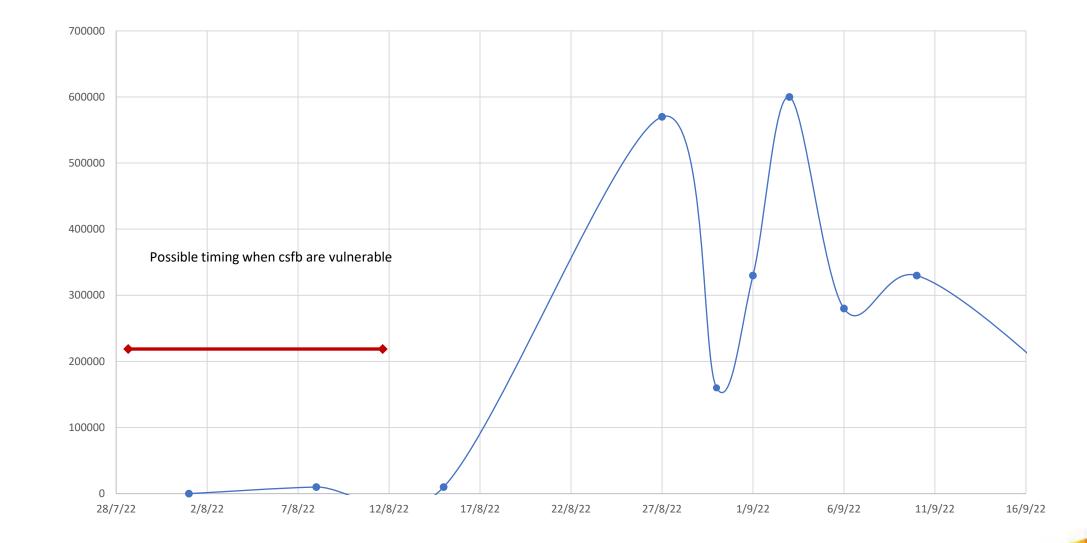




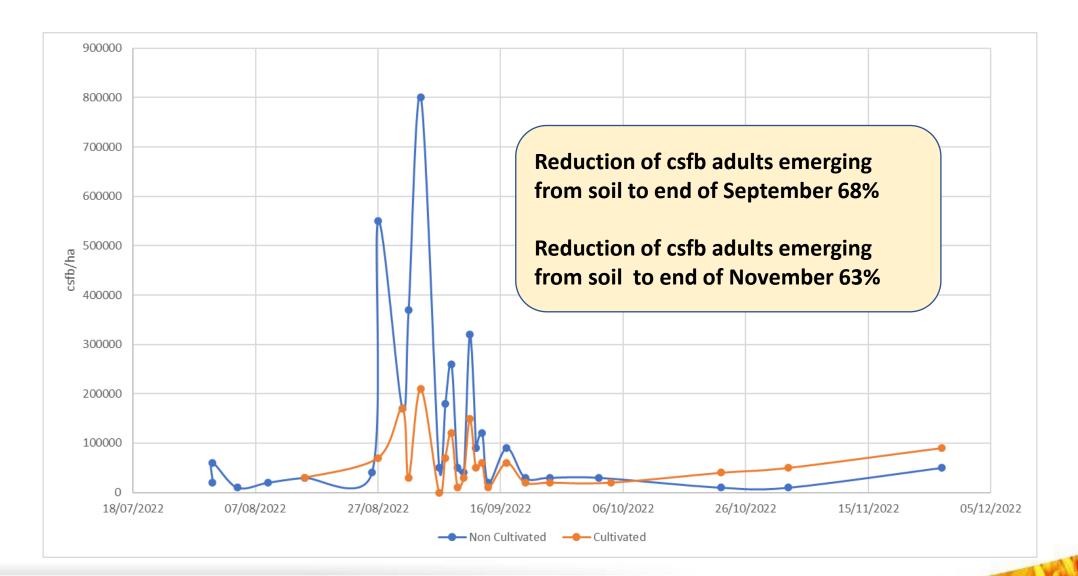


NIAB

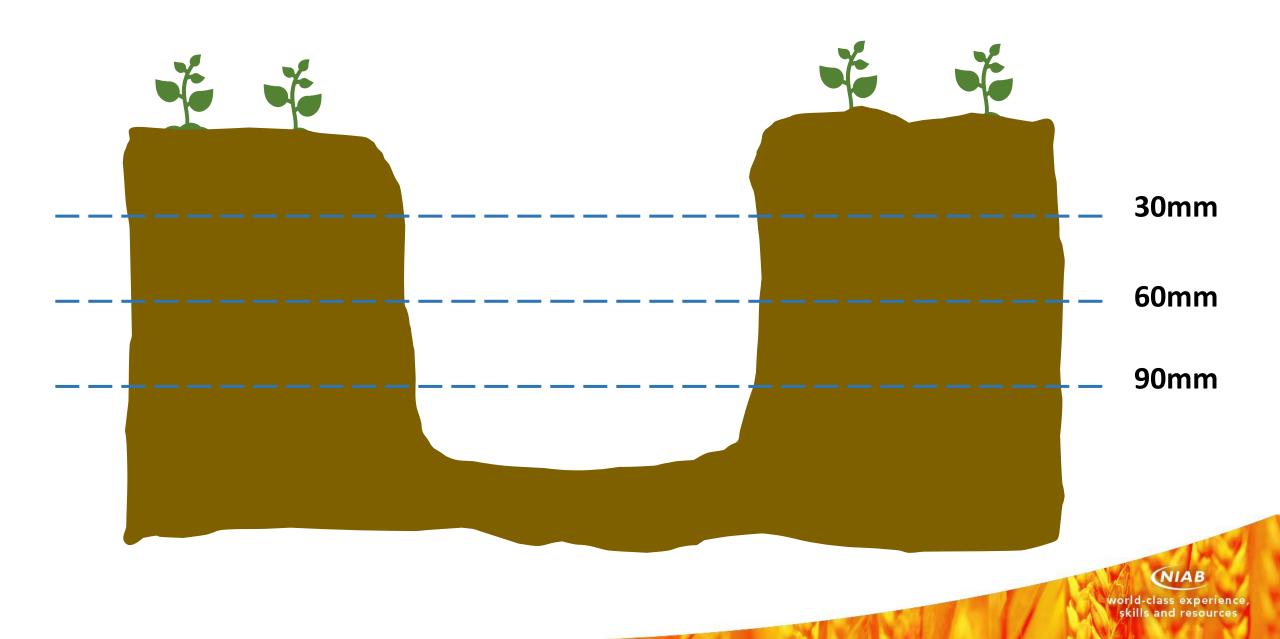
• All samples • Bedfordshire only



Cambridgeshire (Shallow Cultivation 50mm depth with discs)



Soil samples



Pre harvest csfb adults



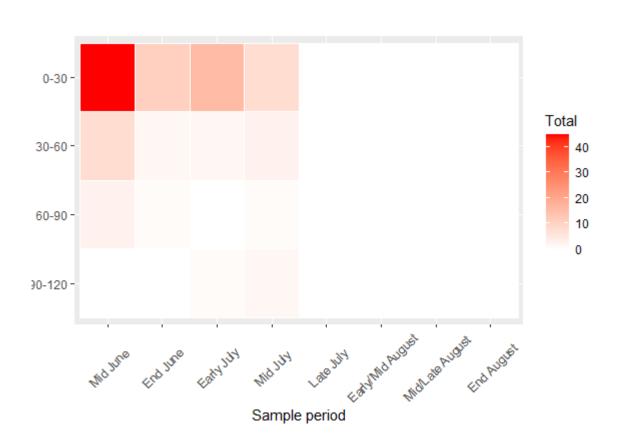


Most adults present in top 30mm of soil

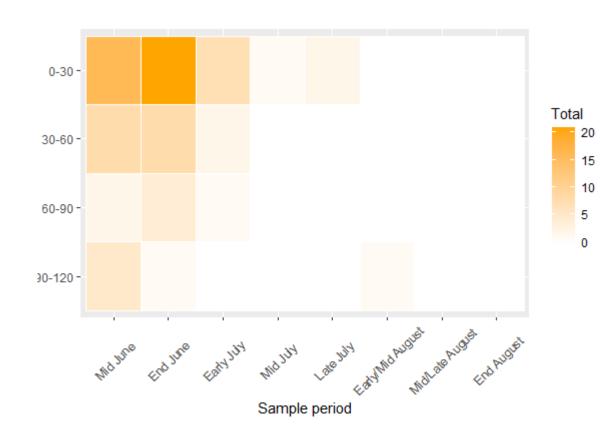
Significant preference between layers: p < 0.0001

> world-class experience skills and resources

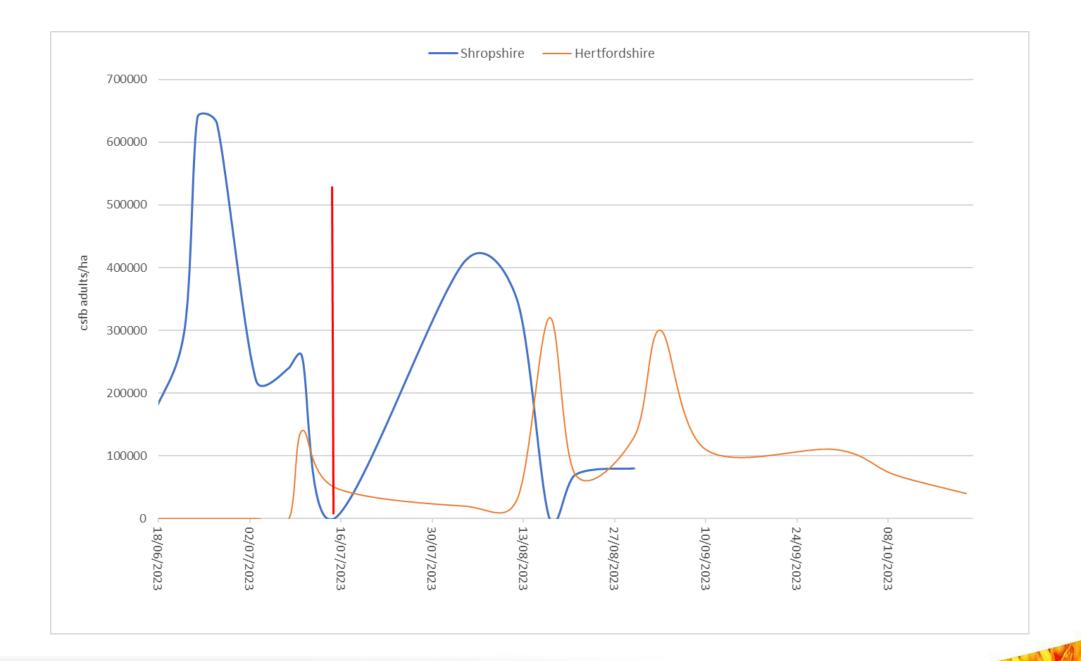
Shropshire



Hertfordshire



Essentially nothing after early August



Terrastar



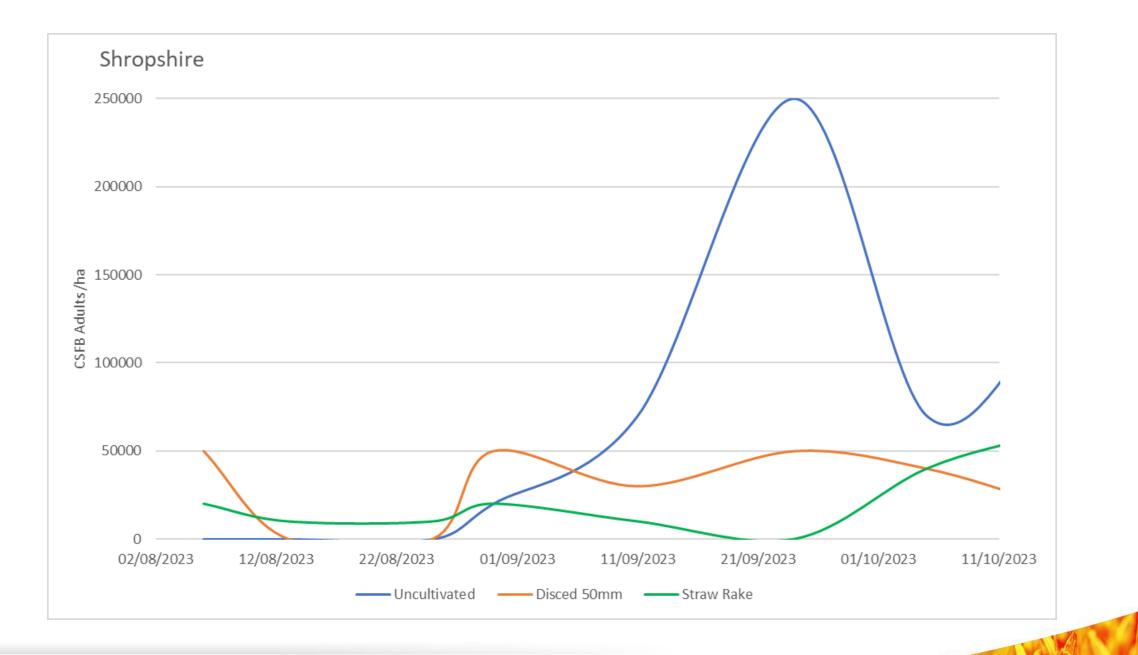
Straw Rake

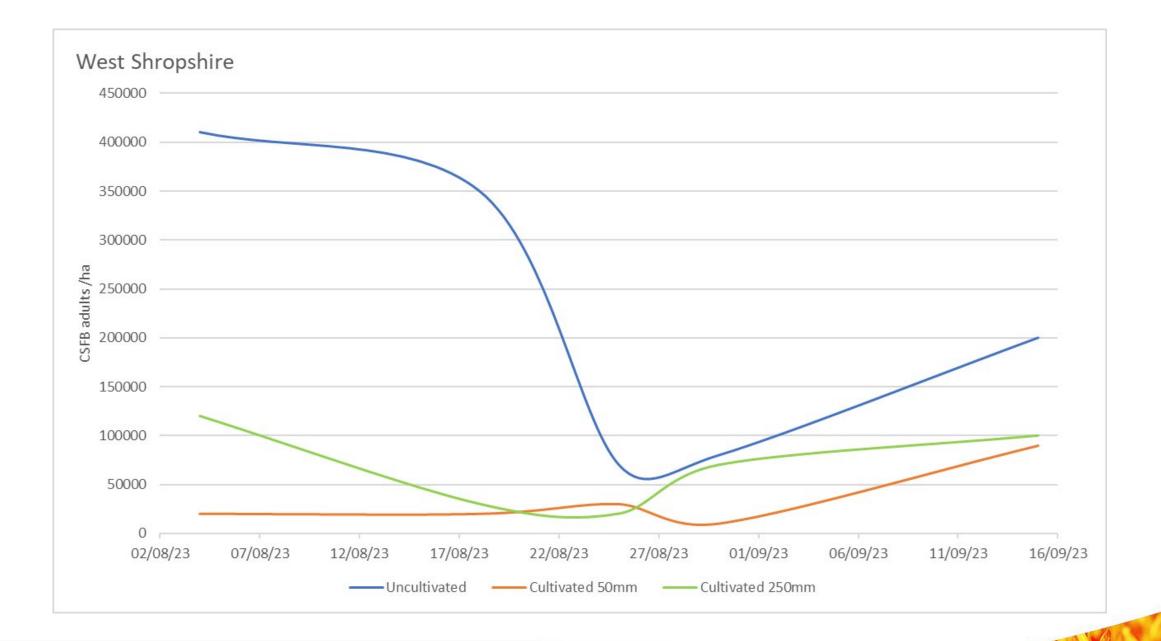


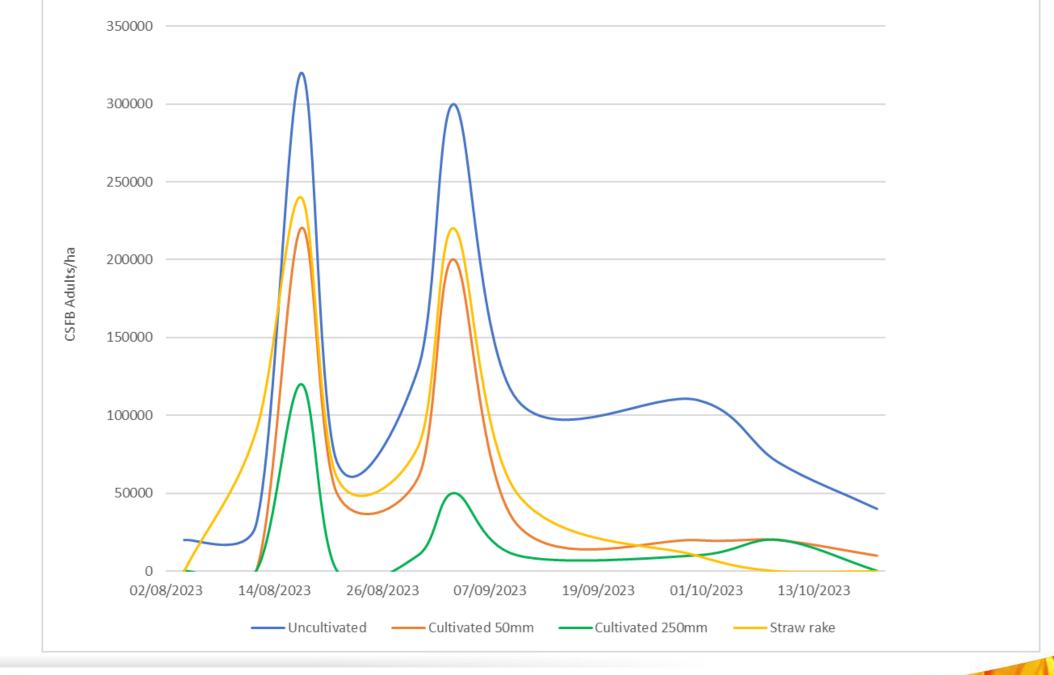
Standard Discs











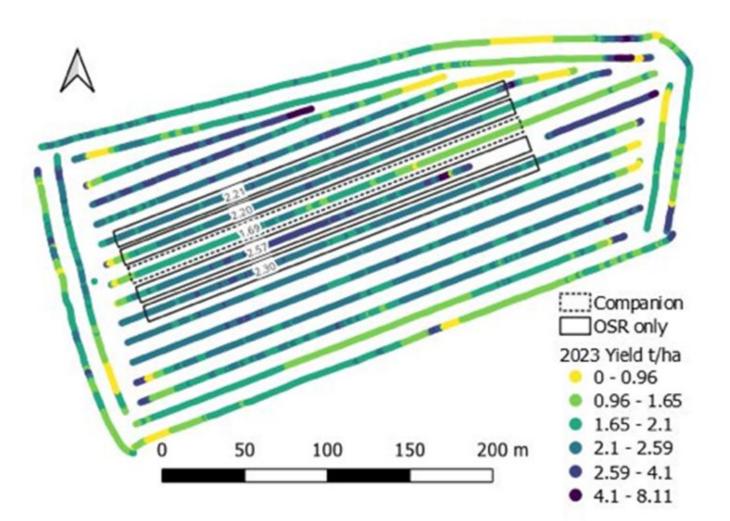
A range of Companion Crops in Oilseed Rape 11/2022





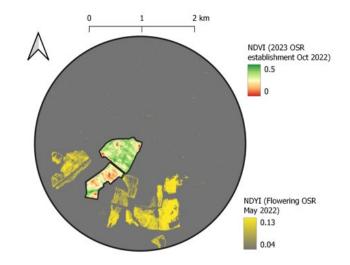






Spatial cropping

- There is increasing anecdotal evidence that growing OSR away from the previous years crop will reduce damage at emergence.
- This is a method being used in Sweden and based on limited data but much discussion! It appears to work much better that the concept of growing adjacent to the previous crop to make use of the volunteers as a trap crop.
- The suggested distance is 2km but this has yet to be tested



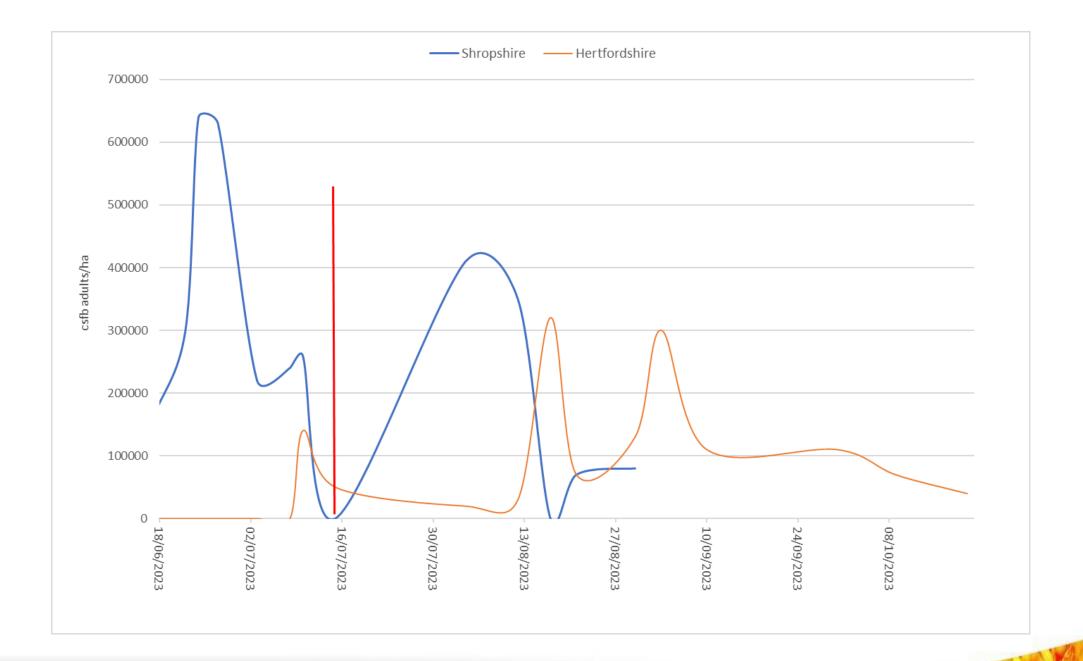
So what do we know now?



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July-October





Forward planning! Understanding the potential csfb pressure

- We soil sample before potatoes and sugar beet to assess PCN and BCN populations before growing
- We assess blackgrass numbers before drilling

There appears to be little effort from growers and agronomists to assess the stem larvae numbers in the current crop which is a very simple process.



Stem larval sampling on farm



Here we can see the plants over buckets containing a little water and a surfactant and the resultant larvae in a bucket (that was ten plants)

Thank you

