

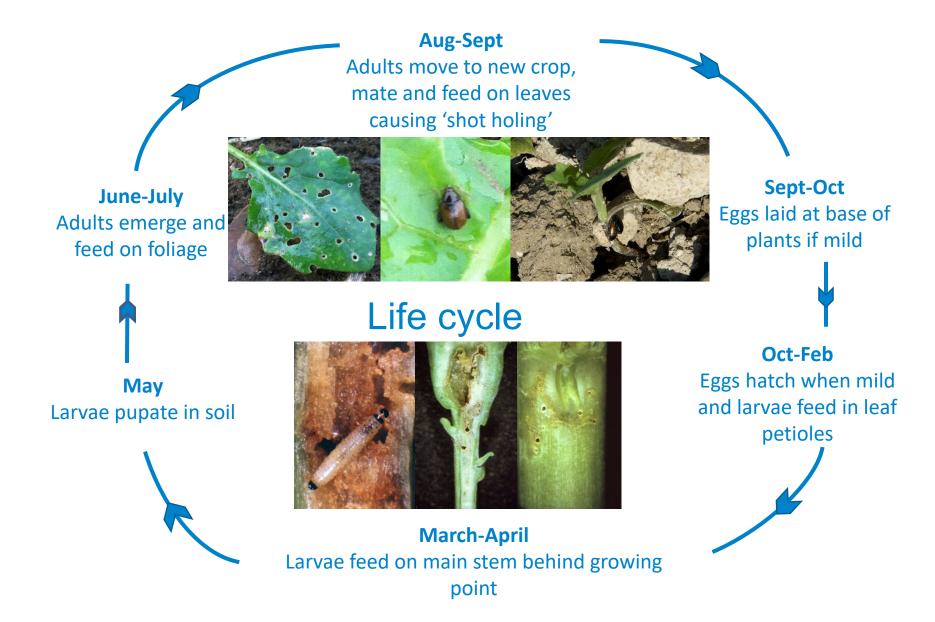
AHDB & United Oilseeds OSR Conference 2025: A Decade of Challenges, A Future of Opportunities

Cabbage stem flea beetle – An overview of research to date

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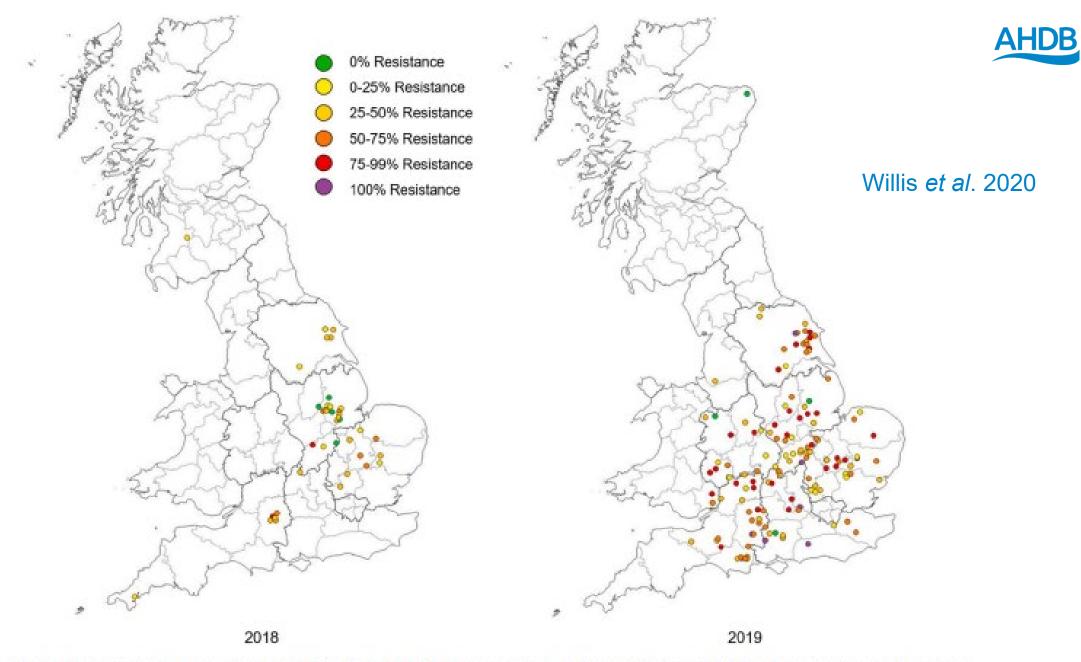


Fig. 1. Pyrethroid resistance in P. chrysocephala in the UK for 2018 and 2019. The maps were created using QGIS (version 3.0.3) and use a 6-category colour scale to show the level of resistance. The map is divided into counties (light grey borders) and regions (dark grey borders).



Risk reduction - adults

- Rapid, vigorous and even establishment
 - Soil moisture, varietal choice, nutrition etc

- Sow date and seed rate
 - Early (before mid/late August) to tolerate damage
 - Late (after mid-Sept) to avoid adults

- Companion crops
- Trap crops (eg leaving volunteers)



Organic amendments



Post-harvest cultivations



Pre-sowing cultivations



Stubble/straw management



AHDB PR623 (2020), Defra (2024), AHDB project 21120185 (unpublished)



Risk reduction - larvae

- Sow date
 - Later the better
 - Spread dates to spread risk
- Companion crops
- Trap crops (eg leaving volunteers)
- Seed rate
- Defoliation
- Pre-sowing cultivations





Knowledge gaps



- Responsive treatments
 - Novel insecticides, biopesticides, synergists
- Cultural controls (e.g. brassica cover crops, cultivations etc)
- Stacking cultural control
- Decision support systems
 - Predict pest activity & pressure
 - Guide treatments timings
 - Guide cultural control
- Natural enemies

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- Contribution to control?
- How to encourage?



Conclusions

- Chemical control unreliable at best.
- Range of cultural controls available.
- Benefits variable and may not always be effective.
- No silver bullet. Several knowledge gaps remain.
- Knowledge exchange of available measures needs improving.
- Reliable CSFB control will be possible.





Thank you for listening.





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